Mergers and acquisitions in life insurance

**Neil Taverner** 

21 March 2002







## Why do companies do M&A?



- economies of scale
- distribution
- IT
- diversification
- "big branding"
- Euro
- defence





### The stages of an acquisition



Formulate

Locate

Investigate Negotiate

**Integrate** 

Pre-Deal (assessing, planning, forecasting value)

Deal (agreeing value)

Post-Deal (realising value)





### Strategy



- M&A = vision organic development
- Clarity of desired outcome essential
- Why do we want to do this deal?
- Alternatives to M&A
  - organic growth
  - niche (focused) players
  - start ups
  - partnerships





## Is M&A an <u>essential</u> element of strategy?



- Doing M&As NO (not necessarily)
- Thinking about them YES
  - an opportunity to seize when appropriate?
  - essential element of chosen strategy?
  - a threat?





### Investigation



- Due diligence
  - review and validate initial figures
  - accuracy and credibility of data
  - uncover "black holes"
  - assess company, systems and staff
- Valuation
  - traditional appraisal value
  - options, guarantees etc (fair value)
  - synergies, goodwill





## The UK - M&A drivers in last ten years



- FSA (polarisation, best advice)
- Pensions mis-selling
- GAOs
- Stakeholder
- De-polarisation

Foreign entrants ("top 5" syndrome)





### The UK - effects

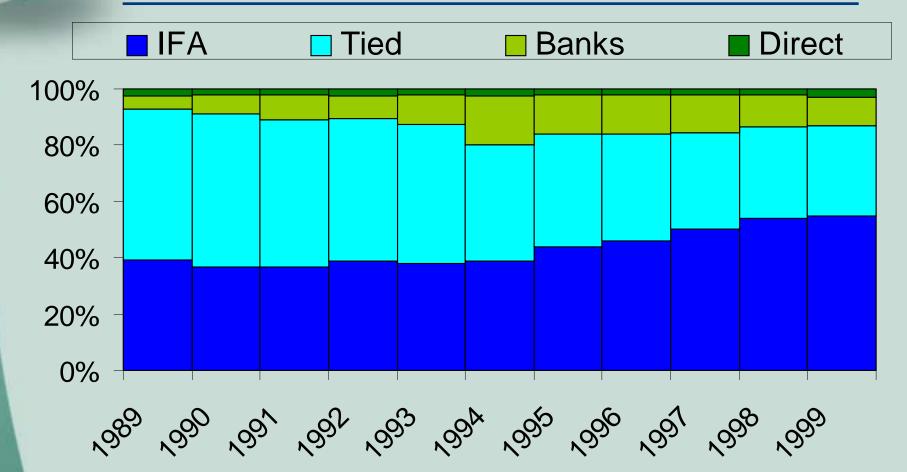


- Consolidation, demutualisation
  - only strongest financially can survive
  - expense pressure
- Distribution
  - banks started well with tied networks
  - hit by trend to independent advice





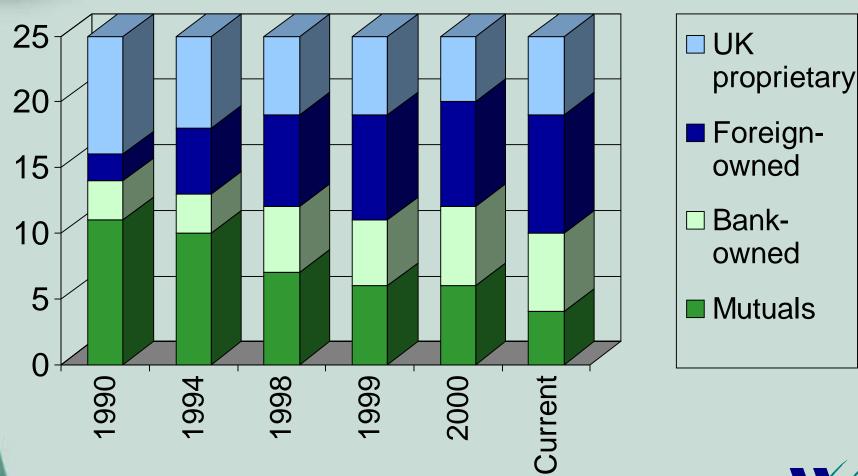
### Distribution





## The changing structure Top 25 groups by type

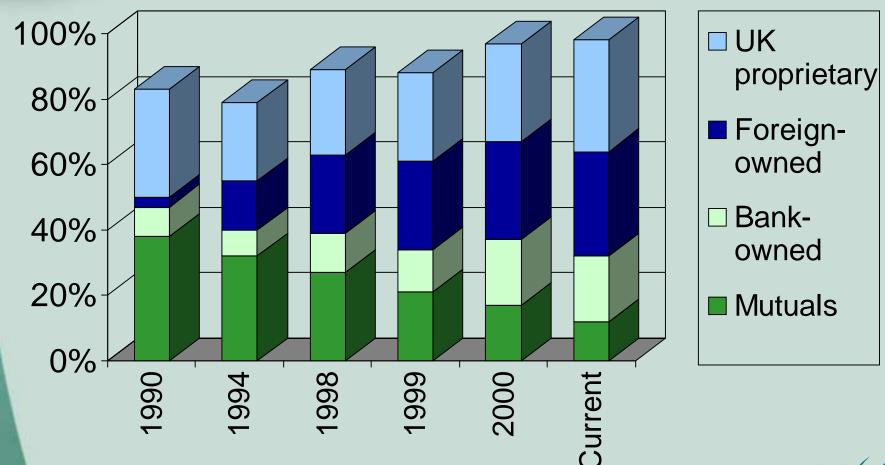






# The changing structure Market share of top 25 groups by type









### What next in the UK?



- Smaller players
  - foreigners interested?
  - mergers amongst themselves?
  - vulture funds?
- Few larger independent players (possible targets?)
- Foreigners pulling out?
- More consolidation?
- Demutualisations? (not many left!)





### France



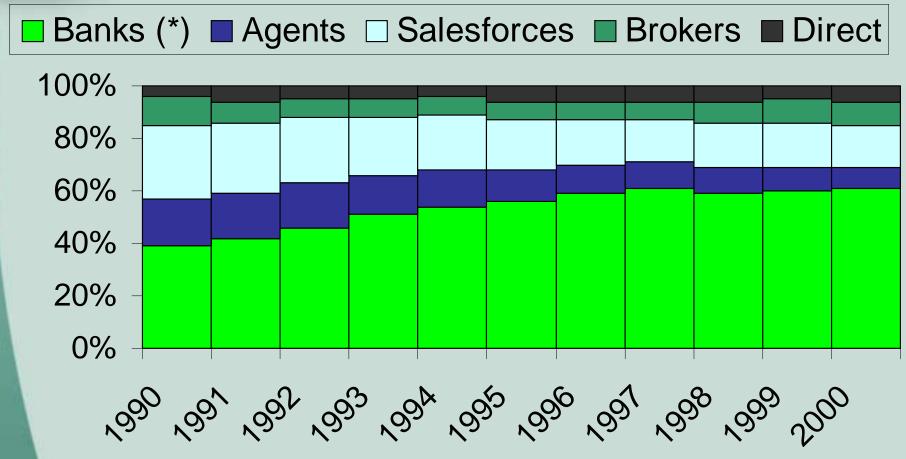
- Dominated by bancassurers
- Mostly single premium savings business
- Pension provision mostly by PAYG semi-state bodies
- Non-bank insurers often composite
- No demutualisations





### Distribution











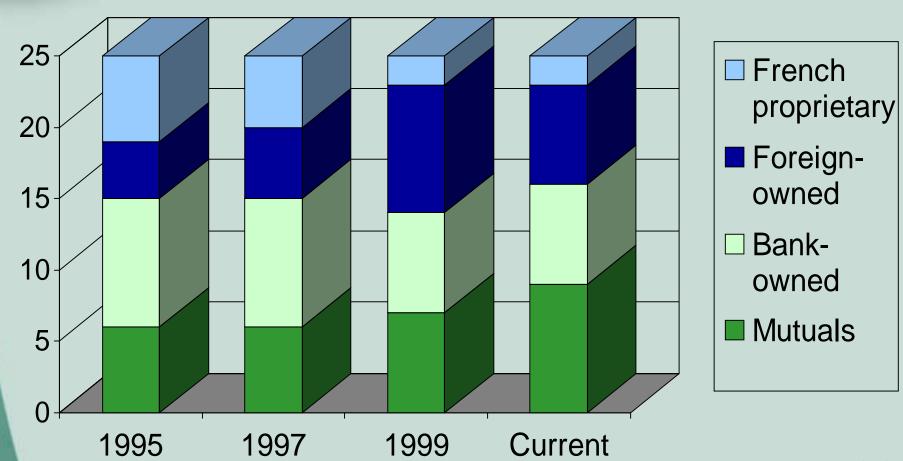


- A few "mega-mergers" of domestics
- One bank consolidation
- Foreign entrants and consolidators
- Foreign leavers



## The changing structure Top 25 groups by type

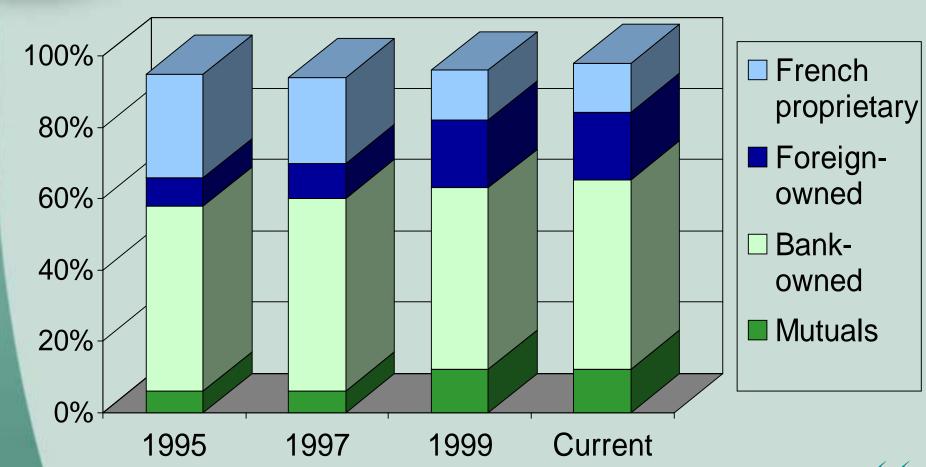






# The changing structure Market share of top 25 by type









### What next?



- Waiting for pensions shift from PAYG
- Can banks hold on to their market share?
- Lots of small foreign-owned companies what will they do?
- Only 2 French proprietary groups in top 25 no targets for entry left





### Conclusions



- Importance of strategy
- Importance of local conditions
- Every market and every M&A is different
- Diversification across markets
- Actuarial involvement at all stages of M&As



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