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Challenges & Opportunities for our Profession in Actuarially Developing Countries Health Issues

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Recipient of Service Provider of Service Settler of Cost Scheme Administrator Regulator

- 1. Recipient of Service
 - Active Population
 - Retired Population
 - Unprivileged
 - Disabled

- 2. Provider of Service
 - Professional Body
 - Health Institution
 - Others

3. Settler of Cost
Individual
Employer
Insurance Company
Health Provider (HMO)
Government

4. Scheme Administrator
Ministry of Health
Independent Health Commission
Insurance Companies
Third Party Administrator

5. Regulator
Ministry of Health
Insurance Supervisor
Consumer Protection Board

HEALTH CARE INSURANCE REGULATION

Traditionally – Short term Business
 Claims Reserve
 Unearned Reserve
 Way Forward – Long Term Business
 Pre-funding
 Sub-standard risks

HEALTH CARE THE FOUR COST COMPONENTS

- Procedure Cost
- Utilization Rate
- Settlement Cost
- Universality of Cover
 - Population Exposed to Risk
 - Extent of Benefits

1997 Health Spending as a % GDP

- United States 13.7%
- EU averaged 8.2%
- U.K. 6.8%
- OECD 6% -10%
 - Arab World 4.1%

Health Care Systems Characteristics STRENGTH

- Equitable distribution of health outcomes
- Financial fairness
- Low cost

WEAKNESSES

Inadequate responsiveness Public or Private
Uneven distribution of health care
Financial unfairness

Implication of Aging Population

 Increased life expectancy means a growing number of people living beyond retirement age.

• The increase in cost of health care for those in the third age bracket is larger than the average increase in wage of the workforce.

Moreover, the dependency ratio is reducing.

Issues Implementing Reformed Health Care System

- Recognize and satisfy population
 - needs
 - wants
- Create incentives for efficiency and improve effectiveness of public health care resources
- Design, implement and manage:
 - a rational, interface between public "core" and private "non-core" programs
 - public oversight of private "non-core" health insurance programs
 - effective public health interventions

Towards a Better Health Care System

- Public Sector must provide care for the:
 - Elderly
 - Unprivileged
 - Disabled
 - Preventive care to all
 - Core health care (compulsory basis) may/may not
- Private Sector may provide:
 - Core health care (compulsory basis)
 - Non core health care (voluntary basis)

Actuarial Financing Challenges

- DATA
- Exposed to Risk
- Universality of Cover
- Benefits Cost
- Contributions per capita % of Income
 Pay as you Go
 - Short Term Risk
- Full Funding
 - Long Term Risk

Role of Actuaries in Health Care

Actuaries are trained in

- Understanding risk
- Identifying risk
- Quantifying risk

Concluding Quote from the book THE PROFIT

SAY NOT, ' I HAVE FOUND THE TRUTH,' BUT RATHER, ' I HAVE FOUND A TRUTH.'

New Challenge for Actuarie